





SCIENTIFIC AND METHOD MODULES

| Module name | Quantum Coherent Structures: Non–Hermitian Systems | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Number | 2020-A3 | | | |
| Aims | The concept of a "closed" system is an idealization. Every real system is open, i.e. at least some degree of coupling to the environment exists. The theoretical description thus requires non-Hermitian Hamiltonians of Liouvillians which have their intricacies, among them the occurrence of exceptional points (EPs). The module delivers an introduction to theoretical concepts and experimental realizations of exceptional points which possibly have applications in beyond-classical sensor sensitivities. | | | |
| Basics | General knowledge of classical electrodynamics and quantum mechanics Mathematically, an exceptional point (EP) is the degeneracy point of the eigenvalues of a complex matrix, the simplest case being for a 2x2 matrix. The special fact is that the normally two orthogonal eigenvectors of a 2x2 eigenvalue problem degenerate at the EP and only <i>a single</i> eigenvector exists. Corresponding to this mathematical consideration, EPs can be realized in real physical systems such as anisotropic optical materials or electronic circuits. A sign of the degenerate eigenvector at the EP is, for example, a circular polarized light mode. | | | |
| Contents | The module will contain introductory and more specialized lectures on exceptional points and non-Hermitian systems in general from theoretical and practical perspectives. The module is equally directed to theoretically and experimentally working students. | | | |
| Methods | Seminars | | | |
| Туре | Online Course | | | |
| Date (month/year) | 30 September 2020 | | | |
| Time | See page 2 | | | |
| Work load | 5 hours presence (online course)/55 hours self-study (paper+exam) | | | |
| Examination | Written examination | | | |
| Credit points | 2 | | | |
| Responsible scientists | M. Grundmann, B. Rosenow | | | |
| Industrial partners | - | | | |
| Recommendations for literature, e- learning | S. Richter et al., <i>Voigt Exceptional Points in an Anisotropic ZnO-based Planar Microcavity: Square-Root Topology, Polarization Vortices, and Circularity</i> , Phys. Rev. Lett. 123 (22), 227401:1-7 (2019) | | | |

SCHEDULE for Module 2020-A3

| Time | Lecturer | Program | Location | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|---|----------|--|
| Wednesdey, 30 September 2020 | | | | |
| 10:00-10:45 | Dr. Chris Sturm | Exceptional points in anisotropic optical bulk materials | online | |
| 10:45-11:00 | | Break (coffee, bathroom,) | | |
| 11:00-11:45 | Dr. Chris Sturm | Exceptional points in anisotropic optical artificial materials | online | |
| | Lunch break | | | |
| 13:00-13:45 | Dr. Parveen Kumar | Quantum measurement as a paradigm for dissipative dynamics: from Lindbladian to non-Hermitian Hamiltonian | online | |
| 13:45-14:00 | | Break | | |
| 14:00-14:45 | Dr. Parveen Kumar | Quantum measurement as a paradigm for dissipative dynamics: from Lindbladian to non-Hermitian Hamiltonian | online | |
| | | Break | | |
| 15:00-15:45 | Dr. Holger von Wenckstern | Exceptional points in coupled electronic circuits | online | |
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Didactic elements:

All lectures will be presented online. The link to the video conference will be shared with the registered participants via email.

Exam:

For the exam a written summary accompanied by a critical analysis (total of 2-3 pages) of a recent paper in the literature on exceptional points will be graded.